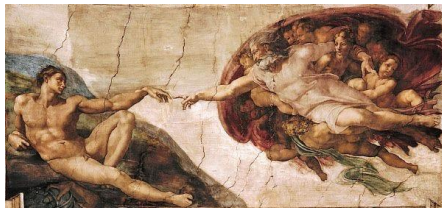


### Unit 3 – Renaissance arts and artists



#### ***Vocabulary Da Vinci***

1. immensely = πάρα πολύ / ιδιαιτέρως
2. illegitimate = εξώγαμος
3. deteriorate = χειροτερεύω / επιδεινώνομαι
4. intriguing = ενδιαφέρον (adj)
5. to no avail = μάταια
6. encapsulate = αποδίδω / περιβάλλω
7. eclectic = μικτός / διάφορος
8. draw on = αντλώ
9. pioneering = πρωτοποριακός / καινοτόμος
10. dispute = διαμάχη / διαφωνία

#### ***Vocabulary Michelangelo***

1. magistrate = δικαστικός / ειρηνοδίκης
2. patron = χορηγός / χρηματοδότης
3. commission (V) = αναθέτω / (N) = εντολή
4. altar = Αγία Τράπεζα
5. unmistakable = αδιαμφισβήτητος

#### ***Vocabulary Botticelli***

1. distinct = ξεχωριστός / ιδιαίτερος
2. detached = αποστασιοποιημένος / αποκομμένος
3. unaccomplished = ατάλαντος
4. contemporary = σύγχρονος, μοντέρνος
5. much esteemed = διακεκριμένος

#### ***Vocabulary Raphael***

1. competent = ικανός
2. upbringing = ανατροφή
3. disputation = λογομαχία
4. untimely = πρόωρος
5. composition = σύνθεση

#### ***Vocabulary Verrochio***

1. equestrian = ιπέας, αναβάτης
2. devotional = ευλαβής, ευσεβής

## Vocabulary Exercise

Choose the correct option:

1. The artist's work was considered \_\_\_\_\_ for its time, introducing entirely new techniques.  
A) *eclectic*    B) *pioneering*    C) *contemporary*    D) *detached*
2. His explanation was so clear that it left no room for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) *dispute*    B) *commission*    C) *upbringing*    D) *composition*
3. The museum received a generous \_\_\_\_\_ from a wealthy collector.  
A) *commission*    B) *patron*    C) *dispute*    D) *altar*
4. She was \_\_\_\_\_ interested in Renaissance art and studied it for years.  
A) *immensely*    B) *distinctly*    C) *loosely*    D) *mistakenly*
5. The two scholars were involved in a long-standing \_\_\_\_\_ over the painting's origin.  
A) *composition*    B) *upbringing*    C) *dispute*    D) *encapsulation*
6. His \_\_\_\_\_ style combined elements from various artistic traditions.  
A) *contemporary*    B) *eclectic*    C) *devotional*    D) *unmistakable*
7. The sculpture was clearly \_\_\_\_\_, easily recognized as the artist's work.  
A) *detached*    B) *illegitimate*    C) *unmistakable*    D) *accomplished*
8. The teacher asked the students to \_\_\_\_\_ the main idea of the text in one sentence.  
A) *draw on*    B) *deteriorate*    C) *encapsulate*    D) *dispute*
9. The child's difficult \_\_\_\_\_ influenced his later behaviour.  
A) *upbringing*    B) *commission*    C) *composition*    D) *dispute*
10. His \_\_\_\_\_ approach made him seem distant and unemotional.  
A) *contemporary*    B) *detached*    C) *devotional*    D) *competent*
11. The painting's \_\_\_\_\_ was admired for its balance and harmony.  
A) *composition*    B) *dispute*    C) *upbringing*    D) *abstraction*
12. The soldier rode an \_\_\_\_\_ statue in the city square.  
A) *devotional*    B) *equestrian*    C) *contemporary*    D) *illegitimate*
13. The priest gave a deeply \_\_\_\_\_ speech.  
A) *devotional*    B) *eclectic*    C) *detached*    D) *pioneering*
14. The results were \_\_\_\_\_ — there was no doubt about their accuracy.  
A) *contemporary*    B) *unmistakable*    C) *unaccomplished*    D) *illegitimate*
15. His behaviour only served to \_\_\_\_\_ the situation further.  
A) *draw on*    B) *deteriorate*    C) *encapsulate*    D) *commission*
16. The painting is considered \_\_\_\_\_, as it reflects modern artistic trends.  
A) *contemporary*    B) *devotional*    C) *equestrian*    D) *detached*
17. She managed to \_\_\_\_\_ her previous experience to solve the problem.  
A) *dispute*    B) *deteriorate*    C) *draw on*    D) *encapsulate*

18. The artist was highly \_\_\_\_\_ and respected by his peers.

A) *much esteemed*    B) *detached*    C) *illegitimate*    D) *unaccomplished*

19. His work remained \_\_\_\_\_, never fully reaching its potential.

A) *unmistakable*    B) *unaccomplished*    C) *contemporary*    D) *devotional*

20. The king ordered a special \_\_\_\_\_ for the construction of the cathedral.

A) *dispute*    B) *commission*    C) *upbringing*    D) *composition*

## Grammar - Passive Voice

Χρησιμοποιούμε την Passive Voice όταν:

1. η πράξη είναι πιο σημαντική από το πρόσωπο που την κάνει.  
Π.χ. The flowers in the public park are watered every day.
2. όταν το πρόσωπο που κάνει την πράξη είναι άγνωστο ή προφανές.  
Π.χ. The thief was arrested last week.

Πως μετατρέπουμε μία πρόταση από Active Voice σε Passive:

1. Το A της active γίνεται Y στην passive.
  2. Το P της active γίνεται παθητικό βάζοντας το ρήμα be στον αντίστοιχο χρόνο και την past participle του κυρίου ρήματος.
  3. Βάζουμε Π/Α (agentive) , δηλαδή by + Y της active αν θέλουμε να αναφέρουμε αυτόν που κάνει την πράξη.
- \* Όταν το Y της Active είναι η subject pronoun ή είναι αόριστο (people, somebody) συνήθως δεν βάζουμε Π/Α.

Π.χ. **Jake organizes** this event every summer.

This event **is organized** by Jake every summer.

They **carried out** an experiment yesterday.

An experiment **was carried out** yesterday.

Active Voice	Passive Voice
<b>Present Simple</b> Dad <b>waters</b> the flowers twice a week.	<b>am/is/are + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>are watered</b> by Dad twice a week. (✗) The flowers <b>aren't watered</b> by Dad twice a week. (?) <b>Are</b> the flowers <b>watered</b> by Dad twice a week?
<b>Present Continuous</b> Dad <b>is watering</b> the flowers now.	<b>am/is/are being + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>are being watered</b> by Dad now. (✗) The flowers <b>aren't being watered</b> by Dad now. (?) <b>Are</b> the flowers <b>being watered</b> by Dad now?
<b>Past Simple</b> Dad <b>watered</b> the flowers yesterday.	<b>was/were + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>were watered</b> by Dad yesterday. (✗) The flowers <b>weren't watered</b> by Dad yesterday. (?) <b>Were</b> the flowers <b>watered</b> by Dad yesterday?
<b>Past Continuous</b> Dad <b>was watering</b> the flowers then.	<b>was/were being + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>were being watered</b> by Dad then. (✗) The flowers <b>weren't being watered</b> by Dad then. (?) <b>Were</b> the flowers <b>being watered</b> by Dad then?
<b>Present Perfect Simple</b> Dad <b>has watered</b> the flowers twice this week.	<b>have/has been + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>have been watered</b> by Dad twice this week. (✗) The flowers <b>haven't been watered</b> by Dad twice this week. (?) <b>Have</b> the flowers <b>been watered</b> by Dad twice this week?
<b>Past Perfect Simple</b> Dad <b>had watered</b> the flowers before 6 o'clock.	<b>had been + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>had been watered</b> by Dad before 6 o'clock. (✗) The flowers <b>hadn't been watered</b> by Dad before 6 o'clock. (?) <b>Had</b> the flowers <b>been watered</b> by Dad before 6 o'clock?

Active Voice	Passive Voice
<b>Future Simple</b> Dad <b>will water</b> the flowers next weekend.	<b>will be + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>will be watered</b> by Dad next weekend. (✗) The flowers <b>won't be watered</b> by Dad next weekend. (?) <b>Will</b> the flowers <b>be watered</b> by Dad next weekend?
<b>be going to</b> Dad <b>is going to water</b> the flowers tomorrow.	<b>be going to be + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>are going to be watered</b> by Dad tomorrow. (✗) The flowers <b>aren't going to be watered</b> by Dad tomorrow. (?) <b>Are</b> the flowers <b>going to be watered</b> by Dad tomorrow?
<b>Future Perfect Simple</b> Dad <b>will have watered</b> the flowers by 7:00.	<b>will have been + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>will have been watered</b> by Dad by 7:00. (✗) The flowers <b>won't have been watered</b> by Dad by 7:00. (?) <b>Will</b> the flowers <b>have been watered</b> by Dad by 7:00?
<b>modal verbs (can, could, must, may, etc.)</b> Dad <b>can water</b> the flowers today.	<b>modal verb + be + past participle</b> (✓) The flowers <b>can be watered</b> by Dad today. (✗) The flowers <b>can't be watered</b> by Dad today. (?) <b>Can</b> the flowers <b>be watered</b> by Dad today?

\* Κάποια ρήματα που συντάσσονται με 2 Α όπως τα bring, show, tell, give, offer, send, teach, read, write, award, σχηματίζουν την Passive Voice με 2 τρόπους.

They offered Cathy a job.

1. Cathy was offered a job.
2. A job was offered to Cathy.

Mr. Sadler teaches us physics.

1. We are taught physics by Mr. Sadler.
2. Physics is taught to us by Mr. Sadler.

## Grammar Exercise

**Change the sentences from active to passive voice:**

1. They sell oysters in the shop next door.

---

2. They haven't delivered the food yet.

---

3. Shakespeare wrote King Lear.

---

4. They have to answer the questions on this sheet.

---

5. Has anybody put the cases upstairs?

---

6. Someone should take this rubbish away.

---

7. They'll ask you a lot of questions.

---

8. Someone's going to send her some flowers.

---

9. They didn't pay me much for that job.

---

10. Have they offered him a better job?

---

11. They told us a secret.

---

12. Would they lend me their car?

---

13. People should send their complaints to the head office.

---

14. They had to postpone the meeting because of illness.

---

15. They are going to hold next year's congress in San Francisco.

---

16. The bill includes service.

---

17. People don't use this road very often.

---

18. They cancelled all the flights because of fog.

---

19. Somebody accused me of stealing the money.

---

20. They are building a new ring-road round the city.

---

21. I didn't realize that someone was recording our conversation.

---

22. They have changed the date of the meeting.

---

23. Brian told me that somebody had attacked and robbed him in the street.

---

24. You should open the wine about three hours before you use it.

---

25. Somebody had cleaned my shoes and brushed my suit.

---

26. We use this room only on special occasions.

---

27. In some districts farmers use pigs to find truffles.

---

28. John gave Elizabeth that beautiful ring.

---

29. They have offered Sarah a very good job.

---

30. The estate agent showed the house to the young people.

---

31. We will pay the gardener a lot of money.

---

32. Someone is going to repair the roof next week.

---

33. They can't find Joanna.

---

34. They should decorate the room with flowers.

---

35. Archaeologists have discovered an ancient temple.

---

36. We will put all these things into boxes.

---

37. The firefighters rescued the teenagers from the burning building.

---

38. The youngest student in the class has written the best composition.

---

39. The children send me messages every day.

---

40. The villagers gave the travellers food and water.

---

41. A very talented young girl wrote the story.

---

42. They are going to finish the new road in a few days.

---

43. They cancelled the match because of the rain.

---

44. You must not cross this line.

---

45. They had picked the oranges before the storm.

---

46. Professor Smith should write the book.

---

47. Mr Elliot will pay the workers.

---

48. Two men were following Tom.

---

49. Millions of people use the Internet every day.

---

50. They gave Bob a CD player for his birthday.

---

51. The prime minister will give a medal to the winners.

---

52. She is telling the children a story.

---

53. They've offered Sally a job.

---

54. Poisonous chemicals have polluted the river.

---

55. Doctor Simms is examining her.

---

56. You must stop him now.

---

57. Someone gave them free tickets for the concert.

---

## Answer Key

### Vocabulary

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| 1. B  | 11. A |
| 2. A  | 12. B |
| 3. B  | 13. A |
| 4. A  | 14. B |
| 5. C  | 15. B |
| 6. B  | 16. A |
| 7. C  | 17. C |
| 8. C  | 18. A |
| 9. A  | 19. B |
| 10. B | 20. B |

### Grammar

1. Oysters are sold in the shop next door.
2. The food hasn't been delivered yet.
3. King Lear was written by Shakespeare.
4. The questions on this sheet have to be answered.
5. Have the cases been put upstairs?
6. This rubbish should be taken away.
7. You will be asked a lot of questions.
8. She is going to be sent some flowers.
9. I wasn't paid much for that job.
10. Has he been offered a better job?
11. We were told a secret.
12. Would I be lent their car?
13. Complaints should be sent to the head office.
14. The meeting had to be postponed because of illness.
15. Next year's congress is going to be held in San Francisco.
16. Service is included in the bill.
17. This road isn't used very often.
18. All the flights were cancelled because of fog.

19. I was accused of stealing the money.
20. A new ring-road is being built round the city.
21. I didn't realize that our conversation was being recorded.
22. The date of the meeting has been changed.
23. Brian told me that he had been attacked and robbed in the street.
24. The wine should be opened about three hours before it is used.
25. My shoes had been cleaned and my suit (had been) brushed.
26. This room is used only on special occasions.
27. In some districts pigs are used to find truffles.
28. Elizabeth was given that beautiful ring.
29. Sarah has been offered a very good job.
30. The house was shown to the young people.
31. The gardener will be paid a lot of money.
32. The roof is going to be repaired next week.
33. Joanna can't be found.
34. The room should be decorated with flowers.
35. An ancient temple has been discovered.
36. All these things will be put into boxes.
37. The teenagers were rescued from the burning building.
38. The best composition has been written by the youngest student in the class.
39. I am sent messages every day.
40. The travellers were given food and water.
41. The story was written by a very talented young girl.
42. The new road is going to be finished in a few days.
43. The match was cancelled because of the rain.
44. This line must not be crossed.
45. The oranges had been picked before the storm.
46. The book should be written by Professor Smith.
47. The workers will be paid by Mr Elliot.
48. Tom was being followed by two men.
49. The Internet is used by millions of people every day.
50. Bob was given a CD player for his birthday.

51. A medal will be given to the winners by the prime minister.
52. The children are being told a story.
53. Sally has been offered a job.
54. The river has been polluted by poisonous chemicals.
55. She is being examined by Doctor Simms.
56. He must be stopped now.
57. They were given free tickets for the concert.